

The Time Poultry Pays Best.—C. G. Huntsville, Ala. Po' try raisers do not think it's to keep hens after they become five years old. Average number of eggs usually layed the after birth by each hen is eighteen; the second one hundred and ten; the third year, one hundred and twenty-eight; the fourth year, one hundred and eight, after which the number layed each year decreases at such a rapid rate that the proceeds from the sales do not pay the expense of keeping.

Lice on Cattle.—Jno. D. Dotyville, Wm. Go. at the drugstore son a Persian Insect Powder, place it in a pepper-box and dust it into the hair of your cattle in the same way you have treated the lice for all sorts of insects and bugs. This is sure

to all sorts of insects and bugs.

A NEW TREATMENT OF DIPTHERIA.—Diphtheria still prevails in and about the city to an alarming extent, and has been so magnified this winter as to baffle the skill of the best physicians. There are, of course, various modes of treatment, some of them directly opposed to one another, all of which have reportedly failed.

Any method which seems reasonable and practicable is worth trying, and what purports to be a new discovery appears to be deserving of consideration. A young man in the West, whose arm had been amputated, was recently attacked with the disease before the limb had healed. To the surprise of his physician, the matter incident to diphtheria appeared on the arm where it had been removed. In place of denuding itself as usual in the face and the nose, it seemed to be a very mild one. The doctor prudently advised the patient to sleep with his head over the strong intimation from nature to whom many of his profession pay very little heed, and when next called to visit a diphtheritic patient, blistered his chest. There most of the deposits showed themselves, and the patient speedily recovered. Hence it is inferred that the disorder generally affects the throat on account of the presence of a sore, which becomes infected by its morbid law to do so. When the body of the epidemias, the tenderness of that part of the body draws the virus in the system, instead of to the throat, as ordinarily may prove to be of vast advantage in medical practice. If it should, it would only one of many instances in which what we all accident has revealed more than any amount of science.—*New York Times.*

GRAFTING-WAX.
A reader writes us for a recipe for making grafting-wax that will not melt in summer nor crack in winter. Replying we would say that three parts resin, three parts beeswax, and two parts tallow will make an excellent grafting-wax.

A cheaper wax that has given us good satisfaction is made by melting together four parts good, clear resin, two parts beeswax and one part tallow. When the ingredients are melted and mixed, pour into a pail of cold water, when the wax will harden sufficient to be worked and pulled, as in working molasses candy. If used in cool weather will be necessary to keep it in warm water and in hot weather cold water will be needed. For nursery grafting, this wax is sometimes melted and spread on narrow strips of cloth which are wound around the graft.

Syphilis, or Venereal Disease.—Is something communicated through the use of, or in washing, infected clothing. Its approach is very insidious, and persons often suffer for a long time from the disease before knowing what they have. Most cases, however, are preceded by the ordinary ulceration, and should, as soon as possible, be submitted to the treatment of a physician. By this means he may prevent the absorption of the poison into the blood. The symptoms of secondary or tertiary syphilis which first appear are generally a redness or engorgement of the tonsils and throat, eruptions on the scalp, face, and other parts of the body, and ulcerations of the mouth and tongue. They are more rapidly developed, and much aggravated, by scrofulous predisposition.

When the symptoms of Syphilis have appeared, add to each bottle of AYER'S SANSAPARILLA one drachm of the Iodide of Potassium, and take the mixture in large doses with each meal. After taking it for six weeks, then substitute for a month twenty drops of Tincture of the Muriate of Iron three times a day in half a glass of water. Thus alternate these two remedies until the disorder is expelled from the system. Perhaps months may be required for a cure. When the constitutional effects are produced, the disease will begin to disappear. Ulcer in the mouth or throat should be treated with a solution of twenty grains of Nitrate of Silver in an ounce of water every other day; if on the skin, bathe them daily with a solution of five grains sublimate in one ounce of soft water. Avoid exposure, malt liquors, spirits, and tobacco, and take a plain but generous diet. This is a tenacious disease, and the patient must persevere in the treatment, and after becoming apparently well, should continue the SAN-SAPARILLA for four or five weeks.

A LARGE INDUSTRY.—The extent of wine-making in California is a business written from the East. At the vineyards of San Gabriel, the largest in the state, 600,000 gallons of wine and 100,000 of brandy will be made from this year's crop of grapes. The unskilled labor employed is mostly Chinese, but the experts are mostly from the wine districts of France and Germany, though Americans learn the process readily. The Americans are not yet numerous, but are increasing. The juice runs into vats, where it ferments sufficiently, and is pumped into great butts in the cellar. These are stored until it is distilled, when it is filtered through charcoal, and drawn off into casks for aging. As to the process of distillation, it is a complicated operation, but the result is that the brandy will bear in the ratio of year after the cuttings are set out, give 4 proofs in the fourth, and in fifth yield enough to pay all expenses, in paying the cost of labor and taxes and a small profit.

GRAFTING WAX.—Melt together three pounds of resin, one-half pound beeswax and one and one-half gills of linseed oil and thoroughly work it. Some have a prejudice against animal fats in grafting wax. They think it injurious to the stock. Made with the oil it adheres better than with tallow, and a hot sun will melt the tallow, while it will harden the oil. J. B. B.

South Turner, Me.

The Proper Position for Sleeping.
From the London Medical.

A German, Baron Reichenbach, has occupied many years in studying the art of bed-making, or rather bed placing, maintaining that improperly placed beds will shorten a man's life.

He has also discovered an influence on sensitive persons, the earth's magnetism, that certainly make itself felt on the nervous life of man. In whatever hemisphere, you may always sleep with your feet to the equator, and let your body lie "true as a needle to the pole."

The proper direction of the body is of the utmost importance for the proper circulation of the blood, and many disturbances in the organism are removed by simply placing the bather in a different point of the compass from that it has occupied. Let such as have hitherto been in the habit of sleeping with their heads under their feet, ought to take to heart the example of the late Dr. Elschewester, of Magdeburg, who died recently at the age of 109 years.

The most undesirable position, we are told, is that the body lies East and West. Some on the continent assure us that to sleep in such a posture is tantamount to committing suicide, and that diseases are often aggravated by deviations from the proper posture.

WHALERS.

A letter from Capt. Penruddock, Native Bureau, reports here at Monterey May 13, having taken up 300 do wh oil since last report.

The third mate had been lost, but is thought not serious.

Another letter states that the whalemen down by a heavy sea, and were unable to eat the time after once drawn under water.

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*Journal of A. Whaling Voyage 1860.
Minerva first voyage master*

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Wham Mass

Tuesday May 15th 1860

At 9 A.M. got underway with moderate N.E. wind, at half past ten discharged 5. Starling 2. Chase Boat Crew, & mates. All hands engaged in getting the boats ready, took care of our Winslow Bars getting underway. Slight east wind E. & hazy weather. So ends.

Wednesday May 16th

First part of this day moderate E. winds, middle and light air from N. Slight east wind S.E. 6.3. Ship heading S. by W. fresh breeze & cloudy. All hands engaged in getting ready for sailing in 2 sails. So ends.

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1. by the wind
watch
whaling
do bush

fresh E.S.E winds ship heading
watch Engaged in getting ready
saw a sail bound west
Lat 37°40' S. Long 71°48' W.

Lat 37°40' S. Long 71°48' W.